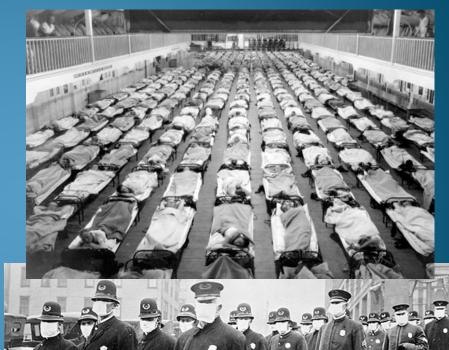
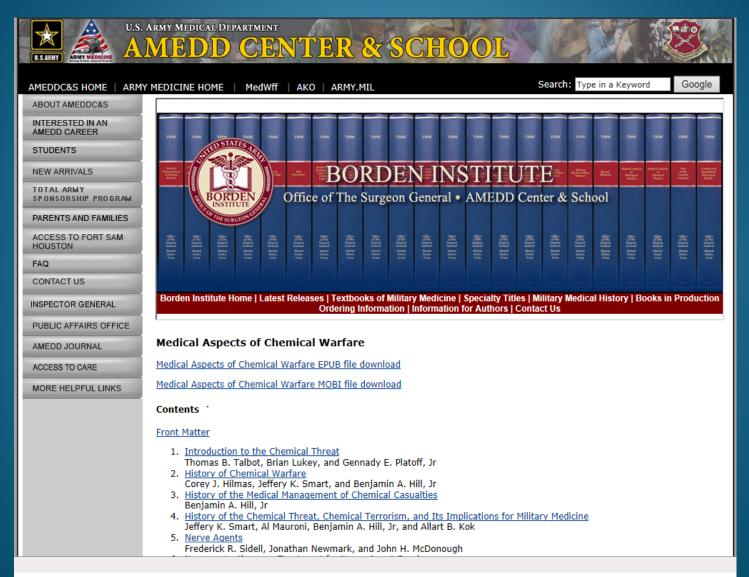
WWI Chemical Weapons 1918 Influenza Pandemic



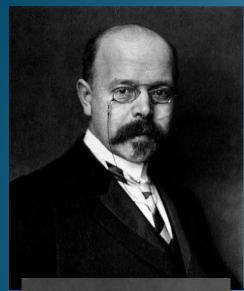




WWI Chemical Warfare



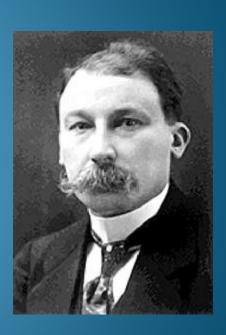
The War of the Nobel Chemists



Walther Nernst



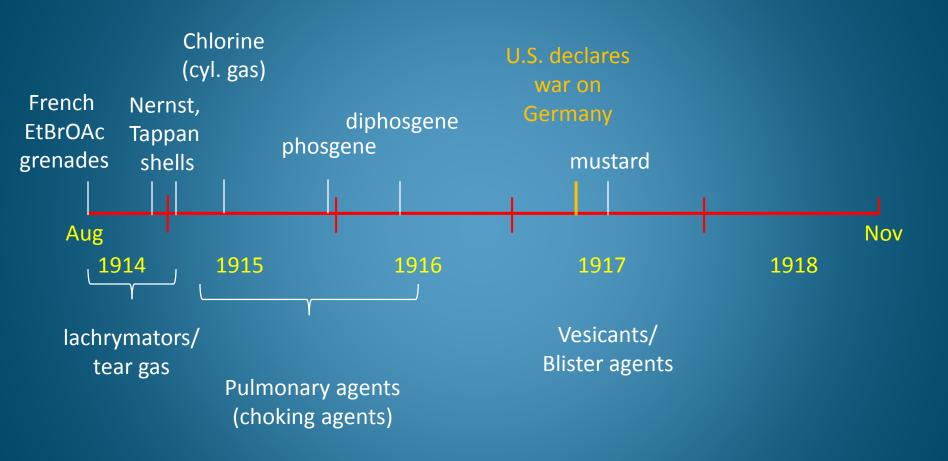
Fritz Haber



Victor Grignard

WWI Chemical Warfare

Timeline:



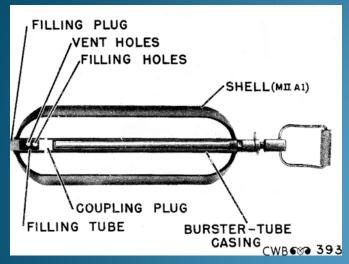
Early Delivery Methods: Gas Cylinders



A French cylinder attack on German trenches in Flanders.
Photograph: Chemical and Biological Defense Command Historical Research and Response Team,
AberdeenProving Ground, Md.

Advanced Delivery Systems

Livens projector



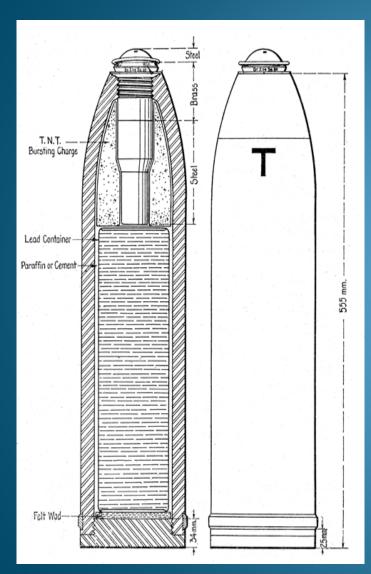


Stokes mortar



Photographs: Chemical and Biological Defense Command Historical Research and Response Team, AberdeenProving Ground, Md.

Advanced Delivery Systems





http://self-preservations ociety. blog spot.com/2013/11/war-stories-john-thomas-bloor-and. html

Army War College. *German Methods of Offense*. Vol 1. In: *Gas Warfare*. Washington, DC: War Department; 1918: 59.

U.S. Chemical Warfare Involvement

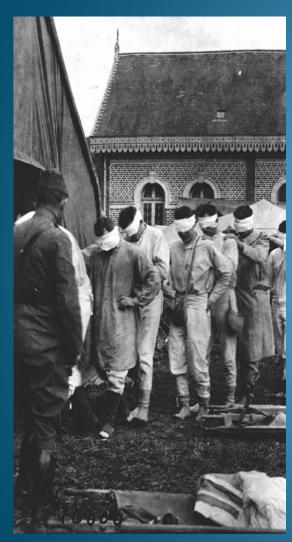


US soldiers receiving instructions from French officers in early 1918.



US Signal Corps photographs

U.S. Chemical Warfare Involvement



Blinded by mustard. Photograph: US Army Military History Institute, Carlisle, Pa.



Filling 75mm shells with mustard, Edgewood arsenal. Photograph: Chemical and Biological Defense Command Historical Research and Response Team, Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland.

Influenza 1918

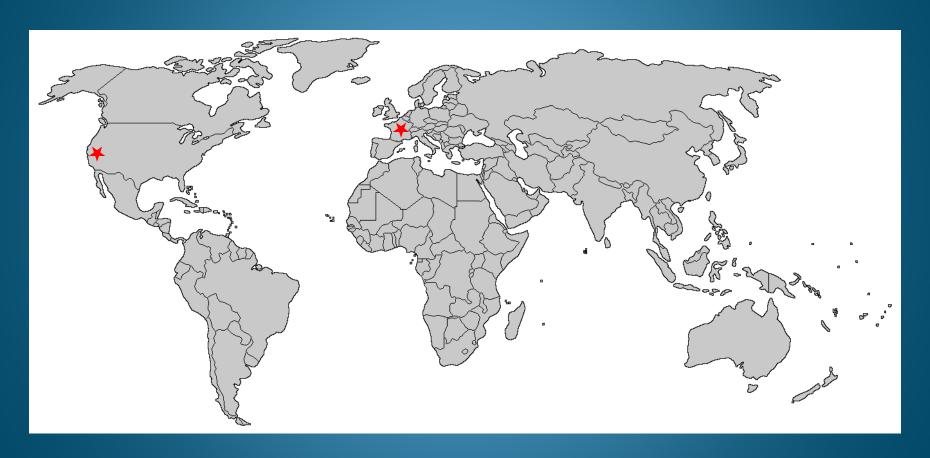
PBS America Influenza 1918 Video

1918 Influenza

- 25-50 million deaths worldwide
- 675,000 Americans died
 ~43,000 mobilized American servicemen
- Estimates: 50% of population infected, 30% became ill
- 2.5% mortality (seasonal influenza = 0.1%)







March 4 Camp Funston, KS

April: France (Allies and German soldiers)

May: Spain, Italy



March 4 Camp Funston, KS April: France (Allies and German soldiers)

May: Spain, Italy



March 4 Camp Funston, KS
April: France (Allies and German soldiers)

May: Spain, Italy

→June: Bombay, Calcutta

July: China, New Zealand, Phillipines

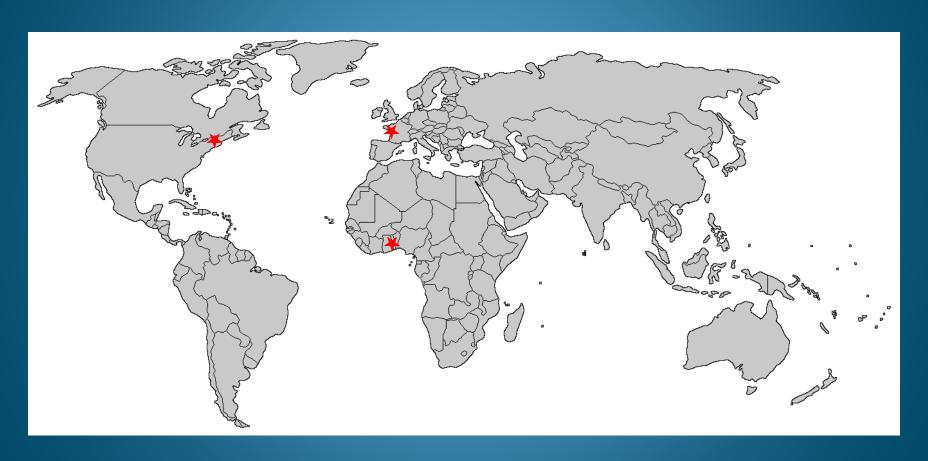


March 4 Camp Funston, KS
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March 4 Camp Funston, KS

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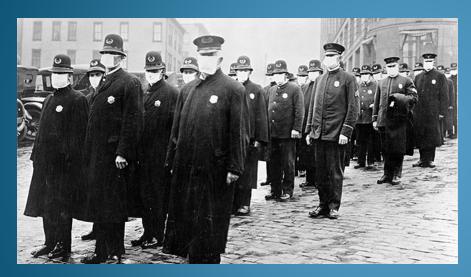
July: China, New Zealand, Phillipines

★August: 2nd wave begins

Fort Devens, MA 1918

- Aug. 20: Maj. Gen Henry McCain-12th Infantry division to be ready in 14 weeks -camp built for 35,000 has 45,000 (5,000 under canvas)
- Sep. 7: 1st soldier with flu symptoms
- Sep. 10: 142 hospital admissions (31 on Sep. 2)
- Sep. 18: 1,176 hospital admissions (6,674 cumulative)
- Sep. 23: 12,604 total diagnoses, 63 die on that day,
 -90 would die on worst days
- Sep. 30: 1,902 cases of pneumonia under care
 - -hospital designed for 2,000 now has 8,000 patients
 - -300 nurses; at one point 90 are sick

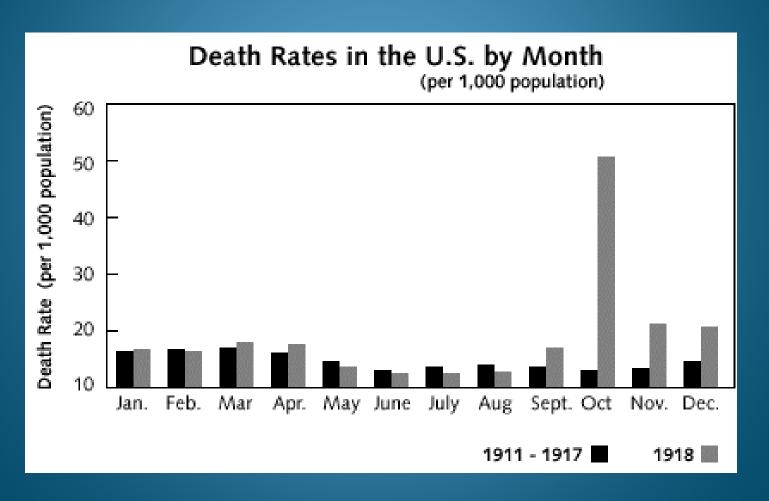
1918 Influenza Societal Impacts



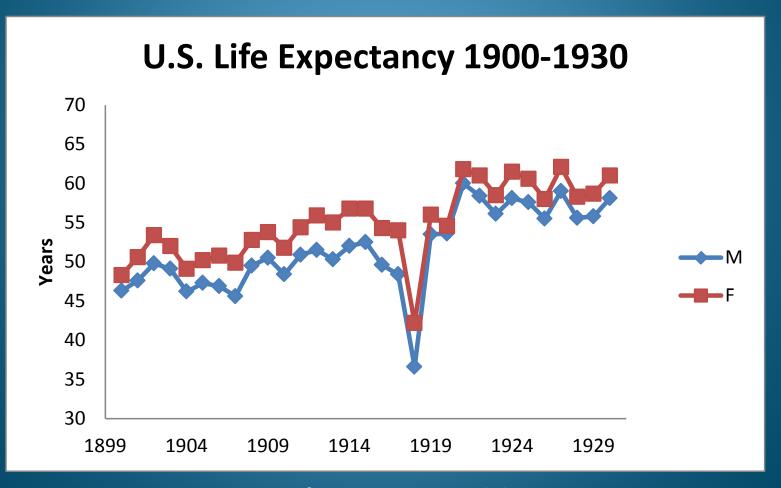


Seattle, WA

Influenza Mortality: 1918 versus Preceding 7 years

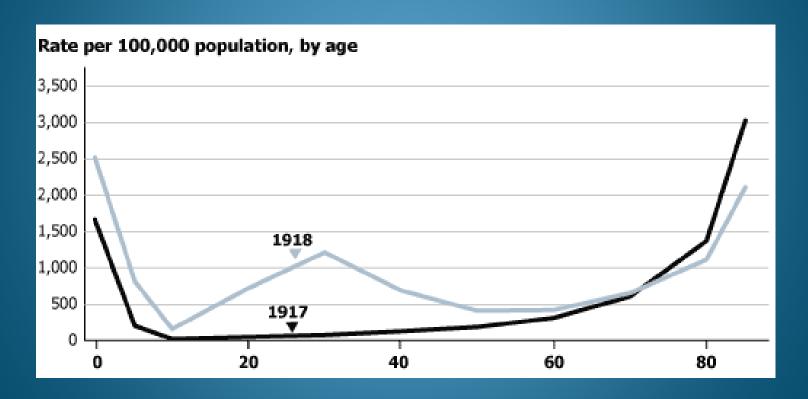


Influenza Mortality: Effect on Average life expectancy in the US



U.S. Centers for Disease Control data

Influenza Mortality by Age



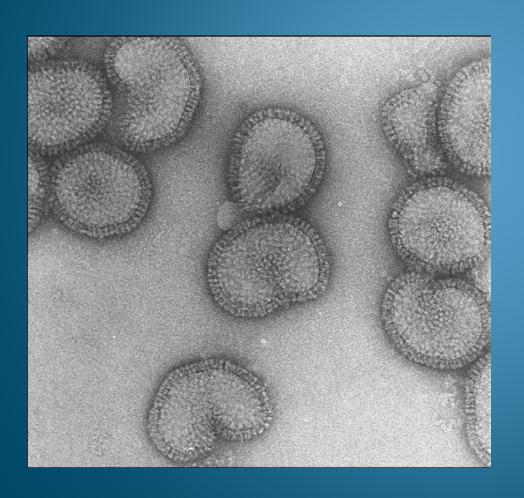
U.S. Centers for Disease Control data

1918 Influenza Impacts

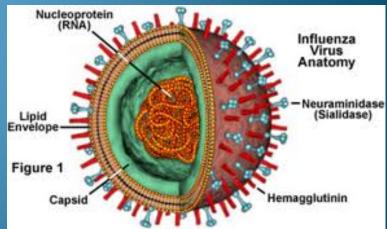


Flu orphans, Nushagak, Alaska. (Alaska State Library photo)

Influenza Virus



1933- Smith, Laidlaw and Andrewes transmit influenza to ferrets1938- Salk and Francis develop first influenza vaccine



Orthomyxovirus
negative sense ssRNA genome
8 segments

Influenza Virus: Resurrection of the 1918 strain



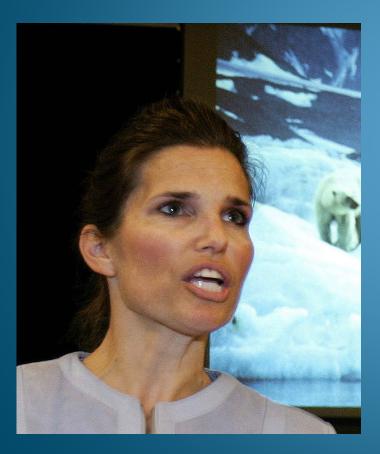
U.S. Army Institute of Pathology archived tissue sections

• H1N1 serotype



1997, Ann Reid & Jeffrey Taubenberger

Influenza Virus: Resurrection of the 1918 strain





Johan Hultin

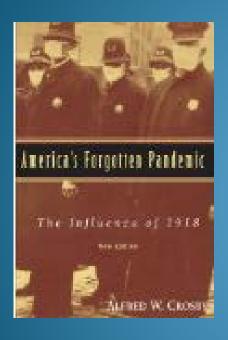
Kirsty Duncan

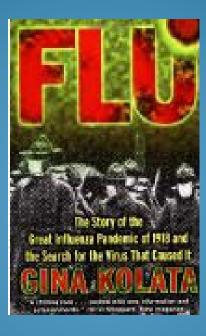
Influenza Virus: Resurrection of the 1918 strain

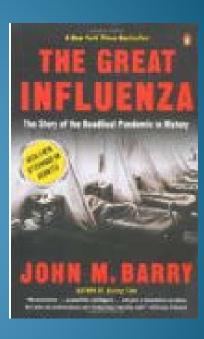
Terrence Tumpey, US CDC 2005 Reconstruction of the 1918 strain using reverse genetics



References





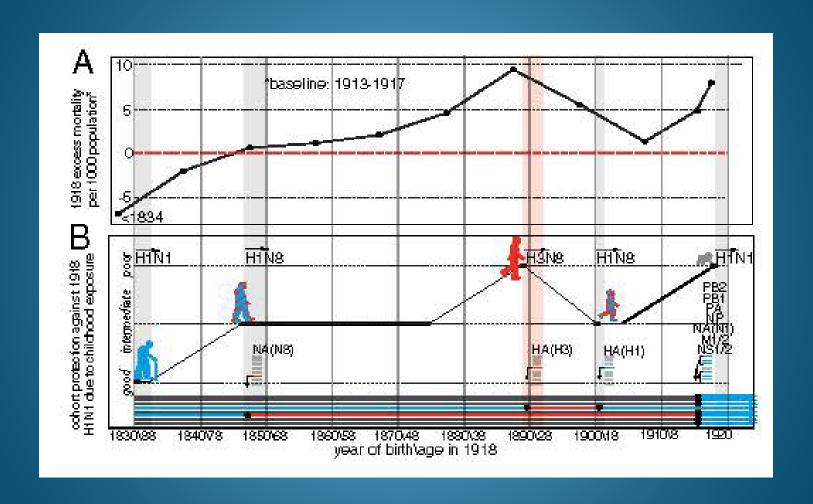


Terrence M. Tumpey *et al. 2005*. **Characterization of the reconstructed 1918 Spanish influenza pandemic virus.** *Science* 310:**77-80.**

Rafi Ahmed, Michael B A Oldstone & Peter Palese. 2007. Protective immunity and susceptibility to infectious diseases: lessons from the 1918 influenza pandemic. Nature Immunol. 8:1188-1193.

David M. Morens, Jeffery K. Taubenberger, and Anthony S. Fauci. 2008. Predominant role of bacterial pneumonia as a cause of death in pandemic influenza: implications for pandemic influenza preparedness. **J. Infect. Dis.** 198:1-9

Childhood Exposure/Cohort Immunity Model



Michael Worobey, Guan-ZhuHan, and AndrewRambaut. 2014. Genesis and pathogenesis of the 1918 pandemic H1N1 Influenza A virus. Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. 111:8107–8112.