

Cognition and Intelligence

Chapter 8

Problem Solving

- Problems of inducing structure
- Problems of arrangement
- Problems of transformation

Problems of inducing structure

- Series completion and analogy
- O, T, T, F ???

Analogies

- BIRD : NEST ::
A) dog : doghouse
B) squirrel : tree
C) beaver : dam
D) cat : litter box
E) book : library
- DOCTOR : HOSPITAL ::
A) sports fan : stadium
B) cow : farm
C) professor : college
D) criminal : jail
E) food : grocery store
- DALMATIAN : DOG ::
A) oriole : bird
B) horse : pony
C) shark : great white
D) ant : insect
E) stock : savings
- TENET : THEOLOGIAN ::
A) predecessor : heir
B) hypothesis : biologist
C) recluse : rivalry
D) arrogance : persecution
E) guitarist : rock band

Problems of arrangement

- Anagrams
- Candles and tacks
- Two string problem
- Insight

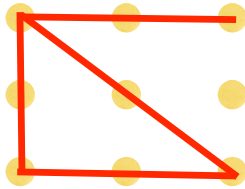
- GSRINT
- EOSUH
- WPLOIL
- HURTT

- Clint Eastwood: Old West Action
- slot machines: cash lost in 'em
- dormitory: dirty room
- President Clinton of the USA: To copulate he finds interns

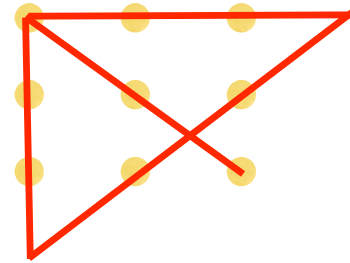
Problems of arrangement

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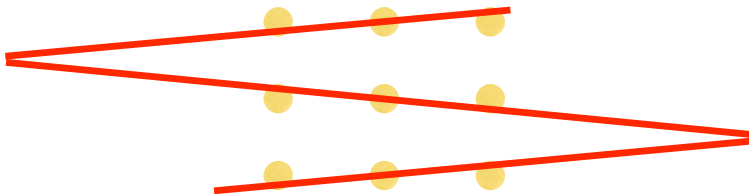
Nine dot problem



Nine dot problem



Nine dot problem



The “Three Water Jars” Problems

1. Jar A: 21 cups; Jar B: 127 cups; Jar C: 3 cups \Rightarrow 100 cups
2. Jar A: 10; Jar B: 79; Jar C: 4 \Rightarrow 61
3. Jar A: 23; Jar B: 49; Jar C: 3 \Rightarrow 20
4. Jar A: 18; Jar B: 48; Jar C: 4 \Rightarrow 22
5. Jar A: 28; Jar B: 76; Jar C: 3 \Rightarrow 25

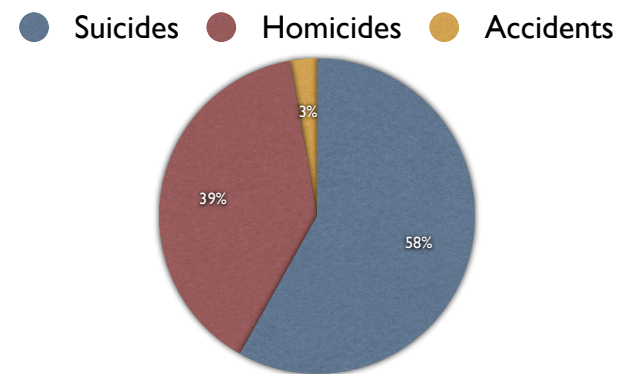
Risky Decision Making

- Expected Values
- Gamble
 - Costs \$1 to play. Heads: you get \$1.50, tails: nothing.
 - Expected value of \$1 bet = $1/2 \times \$1.50 = 75\text{¢}$
- Another
 - Costs \$1 to play. 1 or 2, you get \$3; 3, 4, 5, or 6, you get 30¢
 - EV of \$1 bet = $(1/3 \times \$3) + (2/3 \times 30\text{¢}) = \1.20
- Subjective Utility

The Availability Heuristic

Swimming pools or guns?

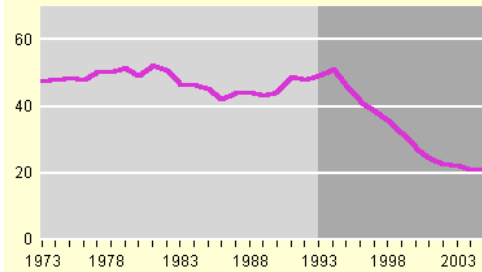
Gun Deaths by Type



Crime is down!

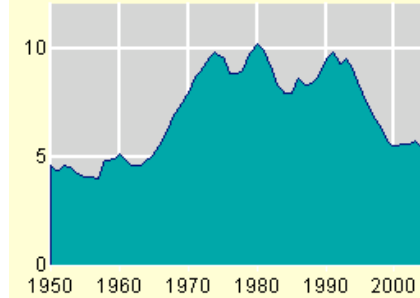
Violent crime rates

Adjusted victimization rate
per 1,000 persons age 12 and over



Homicide victimization, 1950-2004

Rate per 100,000 population



The Representativeness Heuristic

Ignoring Base Rates

- Professor X enjoys poetry, is rather shy, and is small in stature. Which of the following is this Professor's field?
 - A) Chinese studies
 - B) Business

The Conjunction Fallacy

Linda is 31 years old, single, outspoken, and very bright. She majored in philosophy. As a student she was deeply concerned with issues such as discrimination and social justice, and also participated in anti-nuclear demonstrations.

Which is more likely?

1. Linda is a bank teller.
2. Linda is a bank teller and a feminist.

- How likely is the following to happen within the next 5 years: Iran attacks Israel and the US goes to war with Iran.
- How likely is the following to happen within the next 5 years: The US goes to war with Iran.

The Gambler's Fallacy

Which is more likely?

- H H H H H H H
- T H H T H T

Intelligence

- Alfred Binet
- Stanford-Binet Intelligence Scale
- Intelligence Quotient
 - $(\text{Mental Age} / \text{Chronological Age}) \times 100$

Table 8.3 Calculating the Intelligence Quotient

Measure	Child 1	Child 2	Child 3	Child 4
Mental age (MA)	6 years	6 years	9 years	12 years
Chronological age (CA)	6 years	9 years	12 years	9 years
$\text{IQ} = \frac{\text{MA}}{\text{CA}} \times 100$	$\frac{6}{6} \times 100 = 100$	$\frac{6}{9} \times 100 = 67$	$\frac{9}{12} \times 100 = 75$	$\frac{12}{9} \times 100 = 133$

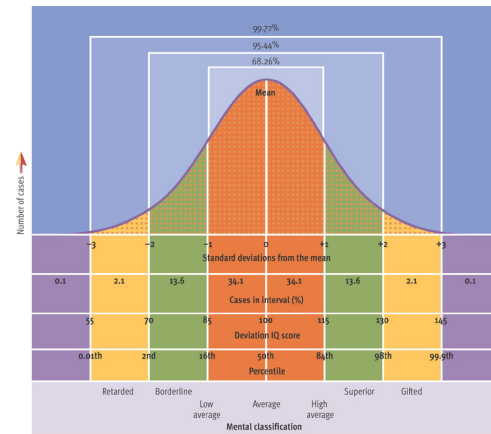
© 2005 Wadsworth - Thomson

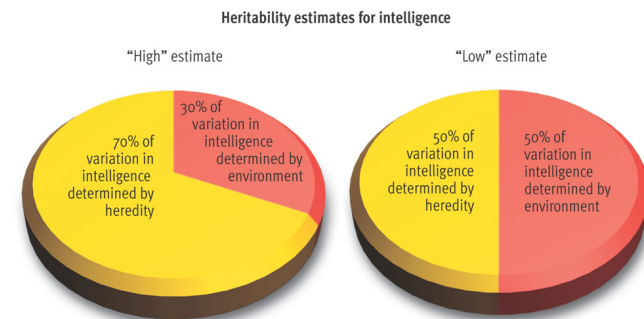
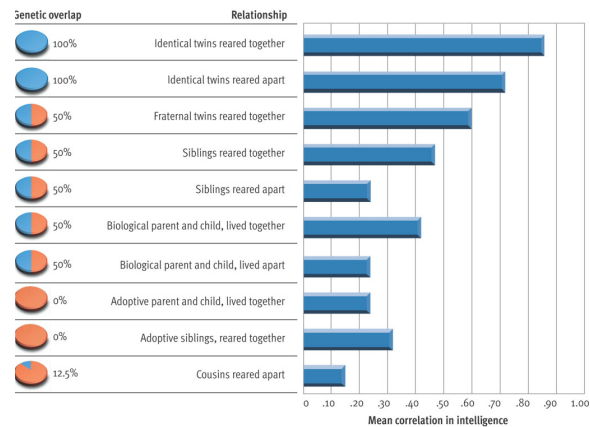
Intelligence

- Alfred Binet
- Stanford-Binet Intelligence Scale
- Intelligence Quotient
 - $(\text{Mental Age} / \text{Chronological Age}) \times 100$
- David Wechsler
 - Wechsler Adult Intelligence Scale (WAIS)
 - Normal Distribution

Standard
Deviation

Percentile





The Flynn Effect

- Nutrition?
- Technology?
- Education?
- Parenting?

Reaction Range

